

**Registered Number 06753854**

**SA ACCOUNTANTS & TAX CONSULTANCY LTD**

**Abbreviated Accounts**

**30 November 2016**

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 November  
2016

06753854

|   | <i>Notes</i> | <i>2016</i>    | <i>2015</i>  |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------|
|   |              | <i>£</i>       | <i>£</i>     |
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                   |              |                |              |
| Tangible assets                                       | 2            | 3,000          | 4,000        |
|   |              | <u>3,000</u>   | <u>4,000</u> |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |              |                |              |
| Debtors   |              | 14,742         | 6,382        |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |              | 542            | 467          |
|   |              | <u>15,284</u>  | <u>6,849</u> |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> |              | (16,627)       | (3,241)      |
| <b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>               |              | <u>(1,343)</u> | <u>3,608</u> |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |              | <u>1,657</u>   | <u>7,608</u> |
| <b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>                 |              | <u>1,657</u>   | <u>7,608</u> |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |              |                |              |
| Called up share capital                               | 3            | 1              | 1            |
| Other reserves  |              | 376            | 6,461        |
| Profit and loss account                               |              | 1,280          | 1,146        |
| <b>Shareholders' funds</b>                            |              | <u>1,657</u>   | <u>7,608</u> |

- For the year ending 30 November 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 1 December 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

**Mrs Nalayini Thayakaran, Director**

**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 30 November 2016****1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

**Turnover policy**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year , exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services , turnover represents the value of work done in the year , including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

**Tangible assets depreciation policy**

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant and machinery 20% straight line

**Intangible assets amortisation policy**

Intangible fixed assets (including purchased goodwill, patents and trademarks and research and development costs) are amortised at rates calculated to write off the assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful economic lives.

Impairment of intangible assets is reviewed where circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an assets may not be fully recoverable.

**Other accounting policies**

Freehold investment property

In accordance with the FRSSE, investment properties are revalued annually and any surplus or deficit is transferred to revaluation reserve. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

This treatment conflicts with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 that all properties should be depreciated.

The directors consider that, because these properties are not held for consumption, but for their investment potential it is necessary to adopt the requirements of the FRSSE in order to give a true and fair view.

Stocks

Stocks and work-in-progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items. Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

## Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different (timing differences) from those in which they are included in the company's accounts.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or a right to pay less) tax at a future date, at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based upon current tax rates and laws.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

## Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a 'finance lease'. Assets held under finance leases, or hire purchase contracts, are recorded in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the term of the finance lease or hire purchase contract, whichever is shorter.

Future instalments under such finance leases or hire purchase contracts, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

All other leases are accounted for as 'operating leases' and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

## Pension costs

Contributions in respect of the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account for the year in which they are payable to the scheme. Differences between contributions payable and contributions actually paid in the year are shown as either accruals or prepayments at the year end.

## 2 Tangible fixed assets

£

### Cost

At 1 December 2015

5,000

|                        |              |
|------------------------|--------------|
|                        | <i>£</i>     |
| Additions              | -            |
| Disposals              | -            |
| Revaluations           | -            |
| Transfers              | -            |
| At 30 November 2016    | <u>5,000</u> |
| <b>Depreciation</b>    |              |
| At 1 December 2015     | 1,000        |
| Charge for the year    | 1,000        |
| On disposals           | -            |
| At 30 November 2016    | <u>2,000</u> |
| <b>Net book values</b> |              |
| At 30 November 2016    | <u>3,000</u> |
| At 30 November 2015    | <u>4,000</u> |

#### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant and machinery 20% straight line

### 3 **Called Up Share Capital**

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

|                              | <i>2016</i> | <i>2015</i> |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                              | <i>£</i>    | <i>£</i>    |
| 1 Ordinary shares of £1 each | 1           | 1           |

Mrs Nalayini Thayakaran owned 100% of the company's share since the company incorporated on 19 November 2008.