

Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021
for
Absolute Health and Safety Solutions
Ltd

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for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

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Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd

Company Information
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

DIRECTOR: P J Bidwell

SECRETARY: Mrs M Bidwell

REGISTERED OFFICE: Beechey House
87 Church Street
Crowthorne
Berkshire
RG45 7AW

REGISTERED NUMBER: 04053413 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: PKB Accountants Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
Beechey House
87 Church Street
Crowthorne
Berkshire
RG45 7AW

Absolute Health and Safety Solutions
Ltd (Registered number: 04053413)

Balance Sheet
30 September 2021

	Notes	30.9.21 £	£	30.9.20 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		1,345		1,793
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	23,577		25,006	
Cash at bank		<u>41,473</u>		<u>38,421</u>	
		65,050		63,427	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	14,596		15,190	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>50,454</u>		<u>48,237</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>51,799</u>		<u>50,030</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			5		5
Retained earnings			<u>51,794</u>		<u>50,025</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>51,799</u>		<u>50,030</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Absolute Health and Safety Solutions
Ltd (Registered number: 04053413)

Balance Sheet - continued
30 September 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the director and authorised for issue on 3 May 2022 and were signed by:

P J Bidwell - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd is a private company, limited by shares , registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going Concern

After reviewing financial performance for the 2021 financial year and industry forecasts, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Turnover

Turnover represents the value of services provided under contracts to the extent that there is a right to consideration and is recorded at the value of the consideration due. Where a contract has only been partially completed at the balance sheet date turnover represents the value of the service provided to date based on a proportion of the total expected consideration at completion. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided, the amounts are recorded as Deferred Income and included as part of Creditors due within one year.

Government grants

Grants are accounted for in the year to which they relate.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profits differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account as it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Equipment, fixtures & fittings	- 33% on cost
Motor vehicles	- 25% on reducing balance

Fixtures and Fittings, and Motor vehicles are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its Tangible Fixed Assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease repayments. the related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless there is an alternative pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company contributes to defined contribution pension schemes for its staff. Contributions charged to the defined contribution scheme are charged to the income statements when they become payable. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund.

Employee benefits

The costs of short term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

The cost if any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11' Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 ' Other Financial Instruments Issues ' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or the realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Loans and Receivables

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Trade debtors with no stated interest rate and receivable within one year are recorded at a transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement in any other administrative expenses.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is represented by cash equivalents and cash in hand with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Income Statement over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised costs, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables with no stated interest rate or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the income statement in administrative expenses.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(a) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

(i) Useful economic lives of tangible assets

The company exercises judgement to determine useful lives and residual values of the assets. The assets are depreciated down to their residual values over their estimated useful lives.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

(ii) Impairment of debtors

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of debtors and historical experience.

3. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2020 - 2) .

4. **TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

	Equipment, fixtures & fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 October 2020			
and 30 September 2021	<u>8,524</u>	<u>8,500</u>	<u>17,024</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 October 2020	8,524	6,707	15,231
Charge for year	<u>-</u>	<u>448</u>	<u>448</u>
At 30 September 2021	<u>8,524</u>	<u>7,155</u>	<u>15,679</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 September 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>1,345</u>	<u>1,345</u>
At 30 September 2020	<u>-</u>	<u>1,793</u>	<u>1,793</u>

5. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	30.9.21 £	30.9.20 £
Trade debtors	17,229	17,348
Deferred tax asset		
Accelerated capital allowances	1,528	1,609
Prepayments	<u>4,820</u>	<u>6,049</u>
	<u>23,577</u>	<u>25,006</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 September 2021

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30.9.21	30.9.20
	£	£
Taxation and social security	9,293	12,226
Other creditors	5,303	2,964
	<u>14,596</u>	<u>15,190</u>

**Chartered Certified Accountants' Report to the Director
on the Unaudited Financial Statements of
Absolute Health and Safety Solutions
Ltd**

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the director in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Director are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd for the year ended 30 September 2021 which comprise the Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.accaglobal.com/rulebook>.

This report is made solely to the director of Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at <http://www.accaglobal.com/factsheet163>. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd. You consider that Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Absolute Health and Safety Solutions Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

PKB Accountants Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
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RG45 7AW

3 May 2022