Acorn Architectural Ironmongery Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 August 2022

Acorn Architectural Ironmongery Ltd

Registered number: 0

04522107

Balance Sheet

as at 31 August 2022

No	tes		2022		2021
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		46,529		52,234
Current assets					
Stocks		62,828		58,325	
Debtors	4	306,364		226,965	
Cash at bank and in hand		198,100		238,502	
		567,292		523,792	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(193,102)		(172,088)	
Net current assets			374,190		351,704
Net assets		- -	420,719	_ _	403,938
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			420,619		403,838
Shareholders' funds		_ _	420,719	_ _	403,938

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr M Cullum

Director

Approved by the board on 14 February 2023

Acorn Architectural Ironmongery Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance method
Office Equipment 25% Straight line Method
Property Improvements Fully depreciated

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees 2022 2021

3 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and		
		Land and	machinery	Motor	
		buildings	etc	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 September 2021	7,274	91,751	14,939	113,964
	Additions		7,500		7,500
	At 31 August 2022	7,274	99,251	14,939	121,464
	Depreciation				
	At 1 September 2021	7,274	60,832	(6,376)	61,730
	Charge for the year	-	2,196	11,009	13,205
	At 31 August 2022	7,274	63,028	4,633	74,935
	Net book value				
	At 31 August 2022	_	36,223	10,306	46,529
	At 31 August 2021	-	30,919	21,315	52,234
4	Debtors			2022	2021
				£	£
	Trade debtors			285,503	206,576
	Other debtors			20,861	20,389
				306,364	226,965
5	Creditors: amounts falling	2022	2021		
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			673	445
	Obligations under finance le	ase and hire p	urchase		
	contracts			5,190	12,111
	Trade creditors			111,536	85,799
	Taxation and social security	costs		65,511	54,264
	Other creditors			10,192	19,469
				193,102	172,088

6 Related party transactions

There were no related party transaction in the year.

7 Other information

Acorn Architectural Ironmongery Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Units 9 & 10

Crane Business Estate Cambridge Road, Milton

Cambridge

CB24 6AZ