Registered number: 04997501

ANDREWS BURTON CONSULTING LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

70 Seabourne Road Bournemouth Dorset BH5 2HT

Andrews Burton Consulting Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

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Andrews Burton Consulting Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2019

Registered number: 04997501

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		1,797	_	2,395
			1,797		2,395
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	2,875		5,526	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,854	_	2,235	
		6,729		7,761	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(8,217)	_	(9,868)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	(1,488)		(2,107)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	309		288
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(186)	_	(145)
NET ASSETS		_	123	_	143
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and Loss Account		_	23	_	43
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		_	123	_	143

Andrews Burton Consulting Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2019

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.



23/12/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Andrews Burton Consulting Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods. Rendering of services

Turnover formethe and address and account seed by a final part of the completion of the contract in the part of the contract of the contract in the contract in the contract in the contract of the contract in the contract in the contract in the contract of the contract in the contract i of completion depreciation is prospered by acomparting the containing the containing the forevorthem the forevorthem the containing the conta estimated in a transfer of the following th contract cannot be estimated reliably.

Freehold 5 years straightline Plant & Machinery 20% straight line

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax eates that how o bean proveded in clouds after the confidence of the confi Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences ween the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Andrews Burton Consulting Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

3. Tangible Assets

3. Tangible Assets	Land &		
	Property		
	Freehold	Plant & Machinery	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 January 2019	4,082	18,485	22,567
Additions		660	660
As at 31 December 2019	4,082	19,145	23,227
Depreciation			
As at 1 January 2019	2,448	17,724	20,172
Provided during the period	816	442	1,258
As at 31 December 2019	3,264	18,166	21,430
Net Book Value			
As at 31 December 2019	818	979	1,797
As at 1 January 2019	1,634	761	2,395
4. Debtors			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Due within one year			
Trade debtors		2,162	1,795
Other debtors		160	160
Dykes control account		553	553
Director's loan account	_	<u> </u>	3,018
		2,875	5,526
	=		
5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		2019	2018
		2019 £	2018 £
Trade creditors		± 7	± 71
Corporation tax		1,107	3,117
Other creditors		1,230	1,200
Credit card		555	315
Other creditors - client's money held for expenses		1,400	1,400
Accruals and deferred income		3,876	3,765
Director's loan account	_	42	-
	_	8,217	9,868

Andrews Burton Consulting Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

6. Share Capital

	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

7. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	As at 1 January 2019	Amounts advanced	Amounts repaid	Amounts written off	As at 31 December 2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Mr Christopher Andrews	3,018	-	3,018	-	-

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

8. General Information

Andrews Burton Consulting Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04997501 . The registered office is 70 Seabourne Road, Bournemouth, Dorset, BH5 2HT.