Registration number: 09749157

Begin Create Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

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Company Information

Director L Deverill

Registered office Abbey House

342 Regents Park Road

N3 2LJ

Accountants Brooks Green

Chartered Accountants

Abbey House

342 Regents Park Road

London N3 2LJ

(Registration number: 09749157) Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2020

	Note		20 E		2019 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	<u>2</u>		679		739
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	<u>3</u>	5,527 4,686 10,213	-	5,527 7,770 13,297	
Creditors : Amounts falling due within one year	<u>4</u>	(109,192)	-	(84,053)	
Net current liabilities		_	(98,979)	_	(70,756)
Net liabilities		=	(98,300)	_	(70,017)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account		100 (98,400)	-	100 (70,117)	
Total equity		=	(98,300)	=	(70,017)

For the financial year ending 31 August 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Α	pproved	and	authorised l	ov the	director	on 12	Septem	ber	2022

L Deverill	••••	••••	••••	•••	•••	••	••	••
Director								

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

1 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Office equipment

25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

2 Tangible assets

		Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 September 2019 Additions	_	1,352 166	1,352 166
At 31 August 2020	_	1,518	1,518
Depreciation At 1 September 2019 Charge for the year	_	613 226	613 226
At 31 August 2020		839	839
Carrying amount			
At 31 August 2020	_	679	679
At 31 August 2019	=	739	739
3 Debtors		2020	2010
Current		2020 £	2019 £
Prepayments	_	1,027	1,027
Other debtors	=	4,500	4,500
4 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year			
Directors current account		332	710
Taxation and social security		104,860	79,843
Other creditors	_	4,000	3,500
	=	109,192	84,053

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

5 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	20	20	20	19
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

6 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2(2019 - 2).