Bits Consultancy Limited
Filleted Accounts

30 June 2019

Bits Consultancy Limited

Registered number: 06151516

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		882		1,102
Current assets					
	_				
Debtors	4	5,358		25,591	
Cash at bank and in hand		25,816		-	
		31,174		25,591	
Cua dita ua a au a cuata					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(31,761)		(25,796)	
Net current liabilities			(587)		(205)
Net assets			295	_	897
Net assets		į	233	-	037
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			195		797
			133		, 57
Shareholder's funds		•	295	-	897
		į		_	

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

P Gaca

Director

Approved by the board on 12 July 2019

Bits Consultancy Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

20 % reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2	Employees	2019 Number	2018 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	1	1
3	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost At 1 July 2018		6,562
	At 30 June 2019		6,562
	Depreciation		
	At 1 July 2018		5,460
	Charge for the year		220
	At 30 June 2019		5,680
	Net book value		
	At 30 June 2019		882
	At 30 June 2018		1,102
4	Debtors	2019	2018
		£	£
	Other debtors	5,358	25,591

	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	12,885	12,362
Taxation and social security costs	18,876	11,222
Other creditors	-	2,212
	31,761	25,796

6 Other information

Bits Consultancy Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Devonshire House

582 Honeypot Lane

Stanmore

Middlesex

HA7 1JS