

**BLAKES SHEDS & FENCING LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018**

J Summerfield & Co Limited

29 Vicarage Road
Coseley
Bilston
West Midlands
WV14 9EA

Blakes Sheds & Fencing Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 January 2018

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Blakes Sheds & Fencing Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 31 January 2018

Registered number: 04150403

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		17,886		21,812
			<u>17,886</u>		<u>21,812</u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	248,094		221,729	
		<u>248,094</u>		<u>221,729</u>	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(230,473)		(210,734)	
		<u>(230,473)</u>		<u>(210,734)</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			<u>17,621</u>		<u>10,995</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>35,507</u>		<u>32,807</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>35,507</u>		<u>32,807</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7	1,000		1,000	
Profit and Loss Account		34,507		31,807	
		<u>34,507</u>		<u>31,807</u>	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>35,507</u>		<u>32,807</u>

Blakes Sheds & Fencing Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 31 January 2018

For the year ending 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

**Miss Thesea
Bowater**

23/10/2018

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

Plant & Machinery	18%
Motor Vehicles	18%
Fixtures & Fittings	18%

1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The

company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Blakes Sheds & Fencing Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 January 2018

3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 February 2017	25,234	83,681	611	109,526
As at 31 January 2018	25,234	83,681	611	109,526
Depreciation				
As at 1 February 2017	20,214	66,930	570	87,714
Provided during the period	904	3,015	7	3,926
As at 31 January 2018	21,118	69,945	577	91,640
Net Book Value				
As at 31 January 2018	4,116	13,736	34	17,886
As at 1 February 2017	5,020	16,751	41	21,812

4. Stocks

	2018	2017
	£	£
Stock - materials and work in progress	248,094	221,729
	248,094	221,729

5. Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Due within one year		

Blakes Sheds & Fencing Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 January 2018

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	131,928	100,875
Bank loans and overdrafts	54,588	67,392
Corporation tax	640	-
Other taxes and social security	3,307	3,117
VAT	30,151	29,491
Directors' loan accounts	9,859	9,859
	<u>230,473</u>	<u>210,734</u>

7. Share Capital

	2018	2017
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

8. General Information

Blakes Sheds & Fencing Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04150403. The registered office is Salop Street, Dudley, West Midlands, DY1 3AT.