	Company registration number 7970714 (England and Wales)
UNAUDI FOR THE	C M COLEMAN LIMITED ITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS E YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

CONTENTS

		Page
Notes to the financial statements 2 - 4	Balance sheet	1
	Notes to the financial statements	2 - 4

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	2025		2024	
Notes	£	£	£	£
3		2,510		3,455
4	923		1,380	
	79,896		85,760	
	80,819		87,140	
5	(3,437)		(3,906)	
		77.382		83,234
		79,892		86,689
		(477)		(654)
		79.415		86,035
		===		===
		1		1
		79,414		86,034
		79 <i>4</i> 15		86,035
		,		00,033
	3	Notes £ 3 4 923 79,896 80,819	Notes f 2,510 4 923 79,896 80,819 5 (3,437) 77,382 79,892 (477) 79,415 1	Notes f f f f f g 2,510 1,380 79,896 85,760 80,819 87,140 5 (3,437) (3,906) 77,382 79,892 (477) 79,415 1 79,414 79,414 79,415

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 24 June 2025

Mr C Coleman

Director

Company registration number 7970714 (England and Wales)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

Company information

C M Coleman Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Moreton House, 31 High Street, Buckingham, Buckinghamshire, United Kingdom, MK18 1NIJ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Revenue comprises sales of goods or services provided to customers net of value added tax and other sales taxes, less an appropriate deduction for actual and expected returns and discounts. Revenue is recognised when performance obligations are satisfied and the control of goods or services is transferred to the buyer. Where the performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised in accordance with its progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the promised consideration is adjusted for the effects of the time value of money, which is recognised as interest income.

The nature, timing of satisfaction of performance obligations and significant payment terms of the company's major sources of revenue are as follows:

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings 20% Reducing balance
Computers equipment 25% Reducing balance
Motor vehicles 20% Reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.5 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

				2025 Number	2024 Number
	Total			1 ====	<u> </u>
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Fixtures and fittings £	Computers equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost	_	_	_	_
	At 1 April 2024	5,533	860	12,151	18,544
	Disposals	(2,547)			(2,547)
	At 31 March 2025	2,986	860	12,151	15,997
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 April 2024	4,783	682	9,624	15,089
	Depreciation charged in the year	86	36	505	627
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	(2,229)	-	-	(2,229)
	At 31 March 2025	2,640	718	10,129	13,487

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3	Tangible fixed assets			(Co	ntinued)
		Fixtures and fittings	Computers equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 March 2025	346	142	2,022	2,510
				==	
	At 31 March 2024	750	178	2,527	3,455
		=		=	
4	Debtors				
4	Debtors			2025	2024
	Amounts falling due within one year:			£	£
	Trade debtors			658	735
	Prepayments and accrued income			265	645
				923	1,380
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
3	Creditors, amounts family due within one year			2025	2024
				£	£ 202
				_	-
	Taxation and social security			3,437	3,906