COMPANY REGISTRATION NO. 01362157 (England and Wales)
D. & F. COLEMAN LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2020

		20	2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		493,487		383,933	
Current assets						
Stocks		46,899		36,826		
Debtors	4	87,202		149,117		
Cash at bank and in hand		59,300		79,199		
		193,401		265,142		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(125,161)		(125,814)		
Net current assets			68,240		139,328	
Total assets less current liabilitie	es		561,727		523,261	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(48,025)		-	
Provisions for liabilities			(80,410)		(59,572)	
Net assets			433,292		463,689	
1100 1100 110					===	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	7		17,502		17,502	
Profit and loss reserves			415,790		446,187	
Total equity			433,292		463,689	

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies $Act\ 2006$ with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 APRIL 2020

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 18 September 2020

Mr D F Coleman

Director

Company Registration No. 01362157

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

D. & F. Coleman Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Forest Vale Industrial Estate, 38 Speculation Road, Cinderford, GL14 2PQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of haulage services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and vehicle costs, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings freehold 0%

Plant and machinery various rates Motor vehicles various rates

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

No depreciation has been charged on freehold property as its cost mainly relates to land and hence any depreciation would be immaterial. The directors appraise residual values on the basis of market prices prevailing and provision would be made in the profit and loss account in the event of any diminution in vales.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials, such as fuel and vehicle parts, and where applicable those costs that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020

Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Financial instruments

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also 1.7 Leases dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a

Leases legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. **Employees**

2

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	Number	Number
Total	9	10

2020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020

3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Land and l buildingsm freehold		Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 May 2019	70,398	99,267	631,147	800,812
	Additions		329	183,851	184,180
	At 30 April 2020	70,398	99,596	814,998	984,992
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 May 2019	-	44,172	372,707	416,879
	Depreciation charged in the year	-	7,359	67,267	74,626
	At 30 April 2020		51,531	439,974	491,505
	Carrying amount				
	Carrying amount At 30 April 2020	70,398	48,065	375,024	493,487
	At 30 April 2020	70,390	40,003	373,024	493,407
	At 30 April 2019	70,398	55,095	258,440	383,933
4	Debtors			2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:			£ £	2019 £
	Trade debtors			61,318	66,551
	Corporation tax recoverable			-	719
	Other debtors			25,884	81,847
				87,202	149,117
					===
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year		2020	2010
				2020 £	2019 £
	Trade creditors			4,272	28,535
	Taxation and social security			10,220	17,449
	Other creditors			110,669	79,830
				125,161	125,814

The secured debts included within creditors are finance lease contacts of £30,938 (2019: \pm nil), secured over the company's motor vehicles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2020

6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than			
	one year	2020	2019	
		£	£	
	Other creditors	48,025	-	

The secured debts included within creditors are finance lease contacts of £48,025 (2019: £nil), secured over the company's motor vehicles.

7 Called up share capital

	2020	2019
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
17,502 Ordinary of £1 each	17,502	17,502

8 Related party transactions

The amount outstanding to F G Coleman as at 30 April 2020 was £23,027 (2019: £23,027), currently included in creditors amounts falling due within one year.

There was also an amount outstanding to B J Coleman as at 30 April 2020 of £940 (2019: £940), currently included in creditors; amounts falling due within one year.

9 Directors' transactions

The director operates a loan account with the company, which is debited with payments made by the company on behalf of the director and credited with funds introduced and undrawn director's fees. The amount outstanding to the director as at 30 April 2020 was £48,827 (2019: £48,827), and is included in creditors amounts falling due within one year.