

Dustacco Engineering Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

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Motherwell
Lanarkshire
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Dustacco Engineering Limited

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Dustacco Engineering Limited

Company Information

Directors Miss L H Somerville
Miss A M Somerville

Registered office Tower Works
Stoneygate Road
Newmilns
Ayrshire
KA16 9AJ

Accountants Alexander Marshall
Chartered Accountants
84 Hamilton Road
Motherwell
Lanarkshire
ML1 3BY

Dustacco Engineering Limited
(Registration number: SC042982)
Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	501,018	449,737
Current assets			
Stocks	5	17,883	21,942
Debtors	6	1,116,045	1,196,612
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>1,584,228</u>	<u>1,047,636</u>
		2,718,156	2,266,190
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(1,137,454)</u>	<u>(985,102)</u>
Net current assets		<u>1,580,702</u>	<u>1,281,088</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		2,081,720	1,730,825
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(54,194)	(59,320)
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(75,747)</u>	<u>(55,257)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>1,951,779</u></u>	<u><u>1,616,248</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		30,000	30,000
Revaluation reserve		40,094	40,094
Profit and loss account		<u>1,881,685</u>	<u>1,546,154</u>
Total equity		<u><u>1,951,779</u></u>	<u><u>1,616,248</u></u>

For the financial year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages [4](#) to [9](#) form an integral part of these financial statements.

Dustacco Engineering Limited
(Registration number: SC042982)
Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 4 May 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Miss A M Somerville

Director

The notes on pages [4](#) to [9](#) form an integral part of these financial statements.

Dustacco Engineering Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in Scotland, United Kingdom. The company registration number is SC042982.

The address of its registered office is:
Tower Works
Stoneygate Road
Newmilns
Ayrshire
KA16 9AJ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 4 May 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

These financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in Sterling and has been rounded to the nearest pound.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:
The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to deferred income account and are released to profit over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual instalments. Grants of a revenue nature are credited to income so as to match them with expenditure to which they relate.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Dustacco Engineering Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation. The previous revaluation of the freehold property is deemed to be cost under FRS 102 1A.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Freehold property and property improvements	2.5% reducing balance/15% reducing balance
Plant and machinery	15% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	15% reducing balance and 25% straight line
Motor vehicles	20% and 25% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Dustacco Engineering Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 65 (2018 - 59).

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2019	252,033	83,535	109,934	484,134	929,636
Additions	7,293	12,791	31,639	95,056	146,779
Disposals	-	(942)	-	(12,219)	(13,161)
At 31 December 2019	<u>259,326</u>	<u>95,384</u>	<u>141,573</u>	<u>566,971</u>	<u>1,063,254</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2019	148,626	52,387	16,413	262,473	479,899
Charge for the year	7,511	11,526	32,928	38,237	90,202
Eliminated on disposal	-	(806)	-	(7,059)	(7,865)
At 31 December 2019	<u>156,137</u>	<u>63,107</u>	<u>49,341</u>	<u>293,651</u>	<u>562,236</u>
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2019	<u>103,189</u>	<u>32,277</u>	<u>92,232</u>	<u>273,320</u>	<u>501,018</u>
At 31 December 2018	<u>103,407</u>	<u>31,148</u>	<u>93,521</u>	<u>221,661</u>	<u>449,737</u>

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £103,189 (2018 - £103,407) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

5 Stocks

2019
£

2018
£

Dustacco Engineering Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

6 Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	1,050,336	1,136,307
Other debtors	65,709	60,305
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current trade and other debtors	<u>1,116,045</u>	<u>1,196,612</u>

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	8	26,484	20,780
Trade creditors		558,504	523,660
Taxation and social security		315,540	306,246
Other creditors		236,926	134,416
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		<u>1,137,454</u>	<u>985,102</u>

Creditors include net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts totalling £26,484 (2018 - £20,781) which are secured. Finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured over the assets concerned.

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	54,194	59,320
		<hr/>	<hr/>

Creditors include net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts totalling £54,194 (2018 - £59,320) which are secured. Finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured over the assets concerned.

Dustacco Engineering Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

8 Loans and borrowings

	2019 £	2018 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Finance lease liabilities	54,194	59,320

	2019 £	2018 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Finance lease liabilities	26,484	20,780

9 Dividends

	2019 £	2018 £
Interim dividend of £1.40 (2018 - £1.00) per ordinary share	42,000	30,000

10 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £70,511 (2018 - £108,819). At the year end the company had commitments under non-cancellable operating leases for equipment and motor vehicles.

11 Related party transactions

Dividends paid to directors

	2019 £	2018 £
Ordinary dividend paid to directors	35,000	30,000

Summary of transactions with other related parties

Watermiser Limited - controlled and owned by the same directors and shareholders.

Management charges are payable by Watermiser to Dustacco for services provided and rent is charged to Watermiser Limited for the use of business premises. The companies provide services to each other on a commercial basis. Transactions are carried out under normal business terms.