FARAH WAJID CONSULTING LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

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Farah Wajid Consulting Ltd Balance Sheet As At 30 November 2022

Registered number: 05985032

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		82		109
			82		109
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	22,056		21,882	
Cash at bank and in hand		1	_	6,979	
		22,057		28,861	
		,		-,	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(22,948)		(28,857)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(891)		4
NET CORRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		—	(091)	_	4
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			(809)		113
LIABILITIES		_	(005)		
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(809)		113
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		=		_	
Called up share capital	7		2		1
Profit and Loss Account			(811)		112
		—		—	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(809)		113

Farah Wajid Consulting Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As At 30 November 2022

For the year ending 30 November 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Miss Farahzeba Wajid

Director

19/07/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

Farah Wajid Consulting Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 05985032 . The registered office is 7 Copperfield Road, Bassett, Southampton, SO16 3NW.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated gone accosts and performed to contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated gone accosts accounted to contract of the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated gone accosts accounted at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & Fittings

Reducing balance method @25%

2.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using taxerates that bees here anacting cross, standing the gearted by the level of the statement of period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

4. Tangible Assets

		Fixtures & Fittings
		£
Cost		
As at 1 December 2021		796
As at 30 November 2022		796
Depreciation		
As at 1 December 2021		687
Provided during the period		27
As at 30 November 2022		714
Net Book Value		
As at 30 November 2022		82
As at 1 December 2021		109
5. Debtors		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Other debtors	-	21,882
Director's loan account	22,056	-
	22,056	21,882
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	14,276	16,750
Corporation tax	7,160	10,235
Accruals and deferred income	1,512	1,872
	22,948	28,857
7. Share Capital		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	2	1