Company registration number: NI047602 HARROD HOMES LTD Trading as HARROD HOMES LIMITED Unaudited filleted financial statements 31 March 2024 EF McCAMBRIDGE & CO Chartered Accountants, Chartered Tax Advisors

&

Registered Auditors

6 Bayview Terrace

Derry

BT48 7EE

HARROD HOMES LTD

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HARROD HOMES LTD

Balance sheet

31 March 2024

	2024		2023	
Note	£	£	£	£
5	-		7,587	
		-		7,587
6	1,108		650	
	58,673		221,142	
	59,781		221,792	
7	(48,869)		(139,368)	
		10,912		82,424
		10,912		90,011
		10,912		90,011
		2		2
		10,910		90,009
		10,912		90,011
	6	Note £	Note £ 5 - 5 - 1.108 - 58,673 - 59,781 - 59,781 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,912 - 10,913 - 10,914 - 10,915 - 10,910 - 10,910 -	Note f f f 1 1 1 1 5 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1<

For the year ending 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;

- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit & Loss Account has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2024 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

.....

MR DERMOT O'HARA MRS MAJELLA O'HARA

Director Director

Company registration number: NI047602

HARROD HOMES LTD

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2024

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is HARROD HOMES LIMITED, 631 FEENEY ROAD, FEENY, CO DERRY, BT47 4SU.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

No material uncertainties that cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the directors.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Site Office	- 15 % straight line
Plant and machinery	- 15 % straight line
Motor vehicles	- 15 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2023: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	1,700	82,618	47,212	131,530
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2023	1,582	80,296	42,066	123,944
Charge for the year	118	2,322	5,146	7,586
At 31 March 2024	1,700	82,618	47,212	131,530
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2024	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2023	118	2,322	5,146	7,586

6. Debtors

	2024	2023
	£	£
Other debtors	1,108	650

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Trade creditors	4,261	-
Other creditors	44,608	139,368
	48,869	139,368

8. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

In the year there were no advances or credits granted by the company to the directors, nor were there any guarantees of any kind entered into by the company on behalf of the directors.