Intelligent Risk Management Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts For the Year Ended 30 September 2020 **Intelligent Risk Management Limited**

Registered number: 03428980

Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2020

No	tes		2020		2019
Fixed assets			£		£
Tangible assets	3		34,438		12,872
Current assets					
Debtors	4	7,741		2,855	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,065		33,225	
		22,806		36,080	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(10,299)		(11,751)	
Net current assets			12,507		24,329
Total assets less current liabilities			46,945	-	37,201
Provisions for liabilities			(4,875)		(807)
Net assets			42,070	- -	36,394
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10		4
Profit and loss account			42,060		36,390
Shareholders' funds			42,070	- -	36,394

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Director Approved by the board on 23 April 2021

Intelligent Risk Management Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 10% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2020	2019
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	1	1

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 October 2019	8,779	21,362	-	30,141
Additions	-	-	29,300	29,300
At 30 September 2020	8,779	21,362	29,300	59,441
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2019	-	17,269	-	17,269
Charge for the year	-	409	7,325	7,734
At 30 September 2020		17,678	7,325	25,003
Net book value				
At 30 September 2020	8,779	3,684	21,975	34,438
At 30 September 2019	8,779	4,093	-	12,872

4 Debtors 2020 2019 £ £

	Trade debtors	7,741	2,855
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
		£	£
	Taxation and social security costs	9,418	11,050
	Other creditors	881	701
		10,299	11,751

6 Other information

Intelligent Risk Management Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

88 Oxenholme Road

Kendal

Cumbria

LA9 2HQ