# JAMES STEWART PERSONAL TRAINING LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Edwards Accountancy Services Ltd

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# James Stewart Personal Training Limited Balance Sheet As at 30 June 2018

# Registered number: 10251124

	2018		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	3	2,626		-		
Cash at bank and in hand		39		1,472		
		2,665		1,472		
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	4	(1,716)		(1,800)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	949	_	(328)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	949	_	(328)	
NET ASSETS		_	949	=	(328)	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital	5		1		1	
Profit and Loss Account		_	948	_	(329)	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		_	949	_	(328)	

For the year ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### **Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr James Stewart

29/03/2019

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

### 1. Accounting Policies

## 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

# 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

# Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods. **Rendering of services** 

Turnoverctione tax expension of the contract. The stage of neurophylation of the contract. The stage of neurophylation paysage is preserved a stage of neurophylation of the contract. The total estimated and total estimated an

is calculated with the set of the termination of the company's hability for current tax period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### 3. Debtors

	2018	2017	
	£	£	
Due within one year			
Trade debtors	2,626		
	2,626		
4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year			
	2018	2017	
	£	£	
Trade creditors	300	-	
Corporation tax	1,416	-	
Other creditors		1,800	
	1,716	1,800	
5. Share Capital			
	2018	2017	
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1	

### 6. General Information

James Stewart Personal Training Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 10251124. The registered office is 7 Sedum Grove, Kirkby, Liverpool, L33 1SX.