Company Registration Number: 05625923 (England and Wales)

Unaudited abridged accounts for the year ended 31 March 2018

Period of accounts

Start date: 01 April 2017

End date: 31 March 2018

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

Balance sheet

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Balance sheet

As at 31 March 2018

	Notes	2018	2017
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets:	3	227,589	159,346
Total fixed assets:		227,589	159,346
Current assets			
Stocks:		18,000	20,500
Debtors:	4	116,773	101,669
Cash at bank and in hand:		227	1,483
Total current assets:		135,000	123,652
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:	5	(630,789)	(534,798)
Net current assets (liabilities):		(495,789)	(411,146)
Total assets less current liabilities:		(268,200)	(251,800)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year:	6	(400,055)	(364,581)
Total net assets (liabilities):		(668,255)	(616,381)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital:		100	100
Profit and loss account:		(668,355)	(616,481)
Shareholders funds:		(668, 255)	(616,381)

The notes form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet statements

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A).

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors have chosen to not file a copy of the company's profit & loss account.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 24 December 2018 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Name: I Smith Status: Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

1. Accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A (Small Entities) of Financial Reporting Standard 102

Turnover policy

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business , and is shown net of VAT .

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation policy

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost , net of depreciationand any impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values overtheir useful lives on the following bases: Plant and machinery 20% reducing balanceComputer and office equipment 20% to 25% reducing balanceMotor vehicles 15% reducing balanceThe gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the saleproceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss

Other accounting policies

Company information on Smith and Sons Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is The Airfield, Dalton, Thirsk, North Yorkshire, YO7 3HE.1.1 Accounting conventionThese financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial ReportingStandard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosurerequirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure isrequired to show a true and fair view. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principalaccounting policies adopted are set out below.1.2 Going concernThe financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern despite the deficiency in netcurrent assets. The company is entirely dependent upon the support of the bank, directors and shareholders. The directors and shareholders have confirmed that they will continue to support the company for the foreseeable future.1.5 Impairment of fixed assetsAt each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets todetermine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any suchindication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of theimpairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.1.6 StocksStocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costcomprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.1.7 Cash at bank and in handCash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call withbanks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bankoverdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities. 1.8 Financial instrumentsDebtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recordedat transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account inother administrative expenses. Basic financial assets Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured attransaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transactionis measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financialassets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised. Basic financial liabilities Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, shareholder loans are initially recognised at transaction priceunless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at thepresent value of the future paymen ts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary courseof business from suppliers. A m ounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due withinone year or less.1.9 Retirement benefitsPayments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.1.10 LeasesLeases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risksand rewards of

ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the dateof inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in thebalance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to incomeon a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

2. Employees

	2018	2017
Average number of employees during the period	29	26

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

3. Tangible Assets

	Total
Cost	£
At 01 April 2017	312,521
Additions	208,500
Disposals	(221,417)
At 31 March 2018	299,604
Depreciation	
At 01 April 2017	153,175
Charge for year	21,317
On disposals	(102,477)
At 31 March 2018	72,015
Net book value	
At 31 March 2018	227,589
At 31 March 2017	159,346

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

4. Debtors

2018	2017
£	£
Debtors due after more than one year:	0

Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors £78,067 £73,5220ther debtors £21,748 £13,250 Prepayments and accrued income £16,958 £14,897 £116,773 £101,669

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year note

Bank overdraft 26,834 33,607Obligations under finance leases 53,131 20,785Related party loans 10,739 12,390Trade creditors 144,946 147,667Other taxation and social security 24,312 13,915Other creditors 356,265 289,366Accruals and deferred income 14,562 17,068630,789 534,798The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge on the assets of the company. Obligations under finance leases amounting to £53,131 (2017 - £20,785) are secured on the specificasset.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

6. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year noteObligations under finance leases (secured) 92,822 43,872Related party loans 307,233 320,709400,055 364,581Amounts included above which fall due after five years are as follows:Payable by instalments 264,276 271,147

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

7. Financial commitments

Operating lease commitmentsLesseeAt the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease paymentsunder non-cancellable operating leases, as follows: $2017 \pm 54,383 \ 82,665$

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Period Ended 31 March 2018

8. Related party transactions

Name of the related party: Mr A N Smith & Mr J G Smith

Relationship: Former Director and Shareholder

Description of the Transaction:

Transactions with related partiesIncluded in other creditors is £266,251 (2017 - £254,715) which is owed to the former directors and shareholders, Mr A N Smith and Mr J G Smith Deceased at the balance sheet date. The amounts areunsecured, interest free and there are no fixed repayment terms. John Smith and Sons received a commercial mortgage and introduced the funds into the company. £317,972 (2017 - £333,099) was outstanding at the balance sheet date. The loan was for a 25 year term(15 years 10 months remaining) and repayable by monthly instalments of £2,475 (2017 - £2,734). Interestpaid to the partnership amounted to £21,437 (2017 - £21,632) during the year at the same rates as theultimate lender. Expenses recharged by the partnership for vehicle hire, rent and loan repaymentsamounted to £50,192 (2017 - £63,269). The company purchased a vehicle from the partnership for £35,000(2017 - £Nil) during the year. £131,806 (2017 - £95,203) was owed to the partnership at the balance sheetdate. John Smith and Sons is a partnership between A N Smith and J G Smith Deceased. A N Smith is thefather of John and Ivan SmithThe company sold goods and services to JS transport during the year amounting to £148,099 (2017 -£99,171) and purchased goods amounting to £12,000 (2017 - £Nil). £1,953 (2017 - £10,562) wasoutstanding at the balance sheet date. J S Transport is a haulage business owned by John Smith.

£

Balance at 01 April 2017

254.715

Balance at 31 March 2018

266,251