Registered number: 09990324

# K K JAMES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

One Plus One Ltd

The Old Temperance House 34/36 Fore Street Bovey Tracey Devon TQ13 9AE

# K K James Limited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 28 February 2021

# Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3-4

# K K James Limited Balance Sheet As at 28 February 2021

Registered	number:	09990324

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		2,458		1,205
		_		_	
			2,458		1,205
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		45,870		12,749	
		45,870		12,749	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	4	(24,467)		(11,841)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	21,403	_	908
		_		_	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		_	23,861	_	2,113
NET ASSETS		=	23,861	=	2,113
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	5		1		1
Profit and Loss Account		_	23,860	_	2,112
		_			
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		_	23,861	_	2,113

# K K James Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 28 February 2021

For the year ending 28 February 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## **Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf o	of the board			
Mr Southall	Adrian			
Director				

8 April 2021

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

# **K K James Limited Notes to the Financial Statements** For The Year Ended 28 February 2021

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods. Rendering of services

Turnovitation the consequence of convices is seen according to the property of of composition dependency is some and the composition of composition dependency the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in the composition dependency is compositive to the composition dependency in t estimatedictoatticoster Turinerpéctedlusærcognésedatathenentation páses:overable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

Computer Equipment

25% on written down value

#### 1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax eates that her o beam massed includes all the directors not take the following (2020) 1)

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding payebases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

# K K James Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 28 February 2021

## 3. Tangible Assets

3. Taligible Assets		Computer Equipment £
Cost		
As at 29 February 2020		3,487
Additions		1,739
As at 28 February 2021		5,226
Depreciation		
As at 29 February 2020		2,282
Provided during the period		486
As at 28 February 2021		2,768
Net Book Value		
As at 28 February 2021		2,458
As at 29 February 2020		1,205
4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	1	483
Corporation tax	21,165	8,950
VAT	2,848	1,804
Director's loan account	453	604
	24,467	11,841
5. Share Capital		
	2021	2020
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

### 6. **General Information**

K K James Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 09990324 . The registered office is 34/36 Fore Street, Bovey Tracey, Devon, TQ13 9AE.