Registration number: 07413181

Marian Barnacle Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

Welch & Co (South West) Limited 2 Drake House Cook Way Bindon Road Taunton Somerset TA2 6BJ

(Registration number: 07413181) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>3</u>	5,100	10,200
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	210,565	184,176
Cash at bank and in hand	_	14,077	4,413
		224,642	188,589
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(12,502)	(10,356)
Net current assets		212,140	178,233
Net assets	=	217,240	188,433
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account	_	217,140	188,333
Total equity	_	217,240	188,433

For the financial year ending 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476: and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 14 March 2020

Mrs Marian Barnacle
Director

The notes on pages $\underline{2}$ to $\underline{5}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 2 Drake House Cook Way Bindon Road Taunton Somerset TA2 6BJ England

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Goodwill **Amortisation method and rate** over 10 years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 November 2018	51,000	51,000
At 31 October 2019	51,000	51,000
Amortisation At 1 November 2018 Amortisation charge	40,800 5,100	40,800 5,100
At 31 October 2019	45,900	45,900
Carrying amount		
At 31 October 2019	5,100	5,100
At 31 October 2018	10,200	10,200

The aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised as an expense during the period is £Nil (2018 - £Nil).

4 Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Other debtors	210,565	184,176
	210,565	184,176

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

5 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due w	vithin one year		2019	2018
		Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year				
Bank loans and overdrafts		<u>7</u>	479	449
Trade creditors			258	258
Other creditors			11,765	9,649
		_	12,502	10,356
6 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid				_
	2019 No.	£	201: No.	8 £
	140.	L	NO.	L
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
7 Loans and borrowings				
			2019	2018
Current loans and borrowings			£	£
Other borrowings		_	479	449
8 Dividends				
Interim dividends paid				
			2019	2018
Interim dividend of \$170.00 (2019)	(200 00) non oo ah ()ndin o mr	£	£
Interim dividend of £170.00 (2018 -	£200.00) per each (erdinary —	17,000	20,000
9 Related party transactions				
Directors' remuneration				
The director's remuneration for the	vear was as follows	S:		
	<u>.</u>		2019	2018
			£	£

Remuneration

7,200

8,000