Company re	gistration number 0895087	5 (England and Wales)	
MERSEY GATEWAY IN UNAUDITED FINAN FOR THE YEAR END PAGES FOR FILING	ICIAL STATEMENTS DED 31 MARCH 202	S 24	

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

		202	4	2023	2
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	4		100		100
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	12,750		12,750	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	7	(200)		(100)	
Net current assets			12,550		12,650
Net assets			12,650		12,750
			===		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		200
Profit and loss reserve			12,550		12,550
Total shaveholdove! friede			12.650		12.750
Total shareholders' funds			12,650		12,750

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 December 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

Matthew Templeton

Director

Company registration number 08950875 (England and Wales)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Mersey Gateway Investments Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom and is registered in England and Wales. The registered office is located at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of holding of an investment of Mersey Gateway Limited.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below and have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 are the first financial statements of Mersey Gateway Investments Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 April 2022. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and debtors are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including Creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows:

Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded in the Company's Statement of Financial Position, at amortised cost less any impairment losses, could be materially reduced where circumstances exist which might indicate that an asset has been impaired and an impairment review is performed. Impairment reviews consider the fair value and/or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compare that with the carrying value of the asset or assets in the Statement of Financial Position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions. Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

3 Employees

The average number of persons employed by the Company during the financial year amounted to nil (2023: nil). The directors are not employed by the Company and did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2023: £nil).

4 Fixed asset inv	estments
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	2024	2023
	£	£
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	100	100

5 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2024 are as follows:

	Name of undertaking	Registered office		Class of shares held	% Held Direct
	Mersey Gateway Limited	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon S EC4N 6AF	Street, London,	Ordinary	100.00
6	Debtors				
				2024	2023
	Amounts falling due within one ye	ear:		£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	5		12,750	12,750
7	Creditors: amounts falling due wi	thin one year			
	_	•		2024	2023
				£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	;		200	100
				==	===
8	Called up share capital				
	·	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	-	100	-	100
	Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
		100	200	100	200

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

9 Parent company

The ultimate parent and controlling party is Ednaston Project Investments Limited. Ednaston Project Investments Limited is a joint venture owned by Bakewell Project Investments Limited, Curbar Project Investments Limited and Denby Project Investments Limited.

These immediate parent and ultimate controlling parties for the joint venturers are Dalmore Infrastructure Investments 31 LP, Dalmore Infrastructure Investments 32 LP and Dalmore Infrastructure Investments 33 LP respectively. As such, there is no one company with overriding control. Copies of the financial statements for the ultimate controlling parties are available from c/o Dalmore Capital Limited, Caledonian Exchange, 19a Canning Street, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 8EG.