MICROTREND LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Abacus Smarter Accountants

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Microtrend Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2022

Registered number: 03220505

		2022		202	2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible Assets	4		1,052		404	
		-		_		
			1,052		404	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors	5	5,016		5,838		
Cash at bank and in hand		20,241		27,733		
		25,257		33,571		
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within	6	(8,086)		(5,034)		
One Year	0	(8,080)		(5,034)		
					00 507	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	17,171	_	28,537	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT						
LIABILITIES			18,223		28,941	
		-		-		
NET ASSETS			18,223		28,941	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		=		=		
Called up share capital	7		1,000		1,000	
Profit and Loss Account			17,223		27,941	
		-		_		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			18,223		28,941	
		=		—		

Microtrend Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 March 2022

For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Graham Auty

Director

20/04/2022

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods. **Rendering of services**

Turnover fight the canded staving a staving it of the start of the sta

Fixtures & Fittings	10% straight line
Computer Equipment	25% straight line

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using taxets that have been anacting cross batantively gearted by the part of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

4. Tangible Assets

		Computer Equipment
		£
Cost		
As at 1 April 2021		625
Additions		898
As at 31 March 2022		1,523
Depreciation		
As at 1 April 2021		221
Provided during the period		250
As at 31 March 2022		471
Net Book Value		
As at 31 March 2022		1,052
As at 1 April 2021		404
5. Debtors		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	5,016	5,838
	5,016	5,838
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Corporation tax	5,011	2,874
Other taxes and social security	100	8
VAT	2,642	1,818
Director's loan account	333	334
	8,086	5,034
7. Share Capital		
	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1,000	1,000

8. General Information

Microtrend Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 03220505 . The registered office is 8 Stoneleigh Court, Leeds, West Yorkshire, LS17 8FN.