# PERFORMANCE ENGINE SOLUTIONS LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

30 April 2022

### PERFORMANCE ENGINE SOLUTIONS LIMITED

**Registered number:** 10153854

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 30 April 2022

1	Notes		2022		2021
Physid accepts			£		£
Fixed assets	2		1		1 002
Intangible assets	3 4		1		1,992
Tangible assets	4	-	34,647	-	43,309
			34,648		45,301
Current assets					
Stocks		9,850		9,850	
Debtors	5	7,694		8,149	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,393		3,040	
		32,937		21,039	
Creditors: amounts					
falling due within one	6	(146,579)		(116,415)	
year	U	(140,579)		(110,413)	
Net current liabilities			(113,642)		(95,376)
Total assets less		-		-	
current liabilities			(78,994)		(50,075)
Creditors: amounts					
falling due after more					
than one year	7		(142,012)		(149,063)
Net liabilities		<del>-</del>	(221,006)	-	(199,138)
					_
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(221,106)		(199,238)
Shareholders' funds		-	(221,006)	-	(199,138)
		-		-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Grant Baker Director Approved by the board on 16 January 2023

# PERFORMANCE ENGINE SOLUTIONS LIMITED Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 April 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Employees	2022 Number	2021 Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:		£
Cost		
At 1 May 2021		9,956
At 30 April 2022		9,956
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2021		7,964
At 30 April 2022		9,955
Net book value		
At 30 April 2022		1
At 30 April 2021		1,992
	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:  Cost At 1 May 2021 At 30 April 2022  Amortisation At 1 May 2021 At 30 April 2022  Net book value At 30 April 2022	Average number of persons employed by the company 2  Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:  Cost At 1 May 2021 At 30 April 2022  Amortisation At 1 May 2021 At 30 April 2022  Net book value At 30 April 2022

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

# 4 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost		
	At 1 May 2021		128,538
	At 30 April 2022		128,538
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2021		85,229
	At 30 April 2022		93,891
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2022		34,647
	At 30 April 2021		43,309
5	Debtors	2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade debtors	7,694	8,149
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	24,995	472
	Trade creditors	12,915	10,397
	Taxation and social security costs	22,946	19,375
	Other creditors	85,723	86,171
		146,579	116,415
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2022	2021
•	creaters amounts raining due diter one year	£	£
	Bank loans	142,012	149,063

# 8 Controlling party

The company is under the control or Mr G Baker as majority shareholder.

# 9 Other information

PERFORMANCE ENGINE SOLUTIONS LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

**Riverview House** 

37a, Riverside, Combwich

Bridgwater Somerset TA5 2RA