Registered number: 11335936

## PORO TECHNOLOGIES LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2025

Max Accountants Ltd Ketton Suite The King Centre Oakham Rutland LE15 7WD

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# Poro Technologies Ltd Balance Sheet As At 28 February 2025

Registered number: 11335936

		2025		2024	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	4		289,958		312,037
Tangible Assets	5		877,189		992,564
CURRENT ACCETS			1,167,147		1,304,601
CURRENT ASSETS	_	14670140		2.674.152	
Debtors	6	14,679,142		3,674,152	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,340,287		214,731	
		17,019,429		3,888,883	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(1,771,132)		(4,730,080)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			15,248,297		(841,197)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			16,415,444		463,404
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8		(2,011,010)		-
-					
NET ASSETS			14,404,434		463,404
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		6		4
Share premium account			36,043,505		19,044,148
Other reserves			1,897,713		1,177,065
Profit and Loss Account			(23,536,790)		(19,757,813)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			14,404,434		463,404

## Poro Technologies Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As At 28 February 2025

For the year ending 28 February 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Dr Tongtong Zhu

Director 1 July 2025

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

#### 1. General Information

Poro Technologies Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11335936. The registered office is Unit 13, Evolution Business Park, Milton Road, Impington, Cambridge, CB24 9NG.

#### 2. Accounting Policies

#### 2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

#### 2.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Other Intangible

Other intangible assets are Trademarks and patents. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 7 years.

Separately acquired trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost.

Trademarks, Licences (including software) and customer-related intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fall value at the acquisition determined to the acquisition determined to the acquisition determined to the acquisition of the acquisition determined to the acquisition are recognised at all value at the acquisition are recognised at the acquisition a

Trademarkgible and anye actuing later interested in interested in the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold Straight line over the remaining lease term

Plant & Machinery Straight line over 4 years
Fixtures & Fittings Straight line over 5 years
Computer Equipment Straight line over 3 years

#### 2.5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and are readily convertible to a known amount of cash with insignificant risk of change in value, and bank overdrafts.

#### 2.6. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the profit / loss before taxation.

#### 2.7. Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge is attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comphrehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comphrehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

The company operates a defined pension contribution scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

#### 2.9. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants-thewatch fixed asserted in the county sectorer that expasted cushful lives of the related assets and enlarge sectorer the lives of the county from the lives of the assets of the county of the

instruments granted and is recognised as an expense over the vesting period. The estimated fair value of the option granted is calculated using the Black Scholes option pricing model. The total amount expensed is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised. 2.11. **Research and Development** 

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangibleassets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific cirteria are met in order to demonstratethe asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised developmentcosts are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

Compound financial instruments issued by the Company comprise convertible loan notes that can be converted to share capital at the option of the holder. The interest on the loan notes is compounding annually and as such the number of shares to be issued will vary with changes in the fair value.

Due to the varying number of shares to be issued the loan notes are treated as liabilities and not split between equity and liabilities. The liability is initially and subsequently measured at fair value, with the tair value movements recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

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#### 4. Intangible Assets

	Other
	£
Cost	
As at 1 March 2024	373,550
Additions	31,653
As at 28 February 2025	405,203
	CONTINUED

Amortisation					
As at 1 March 2	024				61,513
Provided during	the period			-	53,732
As at 28 Februa	ry 2025				115,245
Net Book Valu	ie			=	
As at 28 Februa	ry 2025				289,958
As at 1 March 2	024			=	312,037
5. Tangible As	ssets			=	
J. 1 J 1	Land &				
	Property				
	Leasehold	Plant & Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 March 2024	699,649	828,409	74,166	83,187	1,685,411
Additions	-	280,806	1,046	5,463	287,315
Disposals	-	(2,315)	-	-	(2,315
As at 28 February 2025	699,649	1,106,900	75,212	88,650	1,970,411
Depreciation				= =====	
As at 1 March 2024	168,337	438,307	34,295	51,908	692,847
Provided during the period	139,905	224,238	16,039	20,916	401,098
Disposals	-	(723)	-	-	(723
As at 28 February 2025	308,242				
Net Book Value					
As at 28 February 2025	391,407			15,826	877,189
As at 1 March 2024	531,312	390,102	39,871	31,279	
6. <b>Debtors</b>		Pag			
		_		2025 £	2024 £
Due within on	e year				
Trade debtors				1,245,533	1,152,263
Prepayments a	nd accrued inco	ome		243,141	(106,504
Other debtors				11,896,934	789,483
Corporation tax	recoverable			1,250,450	1,773,076
VAT				43,084	65,834

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2025	2024
	£	£
Trade creditors	630,297	1,408,639
Other loans	539,034	3,231,652
Other taxes and social security	37,311	41,189
Other creditors	548,148	25,974
Accruals and deferred income	16,342	22,626
	1,771,132	4,730,080
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than On	e Year	
	2025	2024
	£	£
Other loans	2,011,010	-
9. Loans		
An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
	2025	2024
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
Other loans	539,034	3,231,652
	2025	2024
	£	£
Amounts falling due between one and five years:		
Other loans	2,011,010	
10. Share Capital		
	2025	2024
Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	£
189,203 Ordinary Shares of £ 0.00001 each	2	2
129,832 Series A-1 shares of £ 0.00001 each	1	1
76,430 Series B shares of £ 0.00001 each	1	1
75,000 Growth shares of £ 0.00001 each	1	-
	1	-
94,494 Seed preferred shares of £ 0.00001 each	1	
94,494 Seed preferred shares of £ 0.00001 each	6	4
94,494 Seed preferred shares of £ 0.00001 each  Shares issued during the period:		
Shares issued during the period:		
Shares issued during the period: 76,430 Series B shares of £ 0.00001 each		<b>£</b> 1

On 19th July 2024, 75,000 Growth shares of £0.00001 each were allotted and fully paid at a price of £0.00001 per share.

On 6th August 2024 the following Series B shares of £0.00001 each were allotted and fully paid as per the prices below: ...CONTINUED

<sup>- 24,114</sup> at £0.00001 per share

<sup>- 16,146</sup> at £185.78 per share

<sup>-</sup> 8,612 at £232.23 per share, with a non-cash consideration being settled by services provided by GIS

# 10. Share Capital - continued

On 2nd December 2024, 10,334 Series B shares of £0.00001 each were allotted and fully paid at a price of £232.23 per share, with a non-cash consideration being settled by services provided by GIS.

On 20th December 2024, 17,224 Series B shares of £0.00001 each were allotted and fully paid at a price of £232.23 per share. 11. Other Commitments

The total of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as following:

	2025	2024
	£	£
Not later than one year	150,000	150,000
Later than one year and not later than five years	94,520	244,520
	244,520	394,520