Registration number: 04101751

P.S. Marsden (Lawn Mower Services) Limited

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

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Company Information

Directors Mr Iain Kenneth Marsden

Mr Simon Clifford Marsden

Registered office Private Road No 8

Colwick Industrial Estate

Colwick Nottingham Nottinghamshire

NG4 2JX

Accountants Atkinson Evans Limited

Chartered Certified AccountantsThe Old Drill Hall

10 Arnot Hill Road

Arnold Nottingham Nottinghamshire

NG5 6LJ

(Registration number: 04101751) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	202,668	196,442
Current assets	-	522.001	640.270
Stocks Debtors	<u>5</u> <u>6</u>	533,081 243,924	648,270 170,614
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>u</u>	243,924 1,996	170,614
		779,001	942,558
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u></u>	(476,020)	(423,205)
Net current assets		302,981	519,353
Total assets less current liabilities		505,649	715,795
Creditors : Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(212,569)	(230,208)
Provisions for liabilities		(30,717)	(50,214)
Net assets		262,363	435,373
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	3	3
Retained earnings		262,360	435,370
Shareholders' funds		262,363	435,373

For the financial year ending 30 September 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 30 June 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr	lain	Keni	netł	า Ma	arso	den
Dir	ecto	r				

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Private Road No 8 Colwick Industrial Estate Colwick Nottingham Nottinghamshire NG4 2JX

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 30 June 2025.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Hire Machines
Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings
Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

at varying rates on cost at varying rates on cost 15% on cost 25% on reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2023 - 9).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Plant and machinery £	Hire Machines £	Motor vehicles £
Cost or valuation At 1 October 2023	61,489	132,849	95,089	159,945
Additions Disposals	732 	- -	84,534 (49,666)	<u>-</u>
At 30 September 2024	62,221	132,849	129,957	159,945
Depreciation At 1 October 2023 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal	47,593 3,614 -	95,566 4,254 -	17,097 10,214 (5,526)	92,674 16,818 -
At 30 September 2024	51,207	99,820	21,785	109,492
Carrying amount				
At 30 September 2024	11,014	33,029	108,172	50,453
At 30 September 2023	13,896	37,283	77,992	67,271
				Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 October 2023 Additions Disposals				449,372 85,266 (49,666)
At 30 September 2024				484,972
Depreciation At 1 October 2023 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal				252,930 34,900 (5,526)
At 30 September 2024				282,304
Carrying amount				
At 30 September 2024			_	202,668
At 30 September 2023			_	196,442

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

5 Stocks	2024	2023
Raw materials and consumables	£ 533,081	648,270
6 Debtors		
Current	2024 £	2023 £
Trade debtors	119,751	95,126
Prepayments	12,527	13,107
Other debtors	111,646	62,381
	243,924	170,614

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
		Note	2024 £	2023 £
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>9</u>	43,838	74,200
Trade creditors			394,013	266,924
Taxation and social security			23,131	79,519
Accruals and deferred income			13,436	1,657
Other creditors			1,602	905
			476,020	423,205
Creditors: amounts falling due after r	nore than one	year		
		NI - 4 -	2024	2023
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>9</u>	8,078	30,599
Other non-current financial liabilities			204,491	199,609
			212,569	230,208
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shar	es			
	2024		2023	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	3	3	3	3

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

9 Loans and borrowings

Non-current loans and borrowings		
	2024 £	2023 £
Bank borrowings	7,500	17,500
Hire purchase contracts	578	13,099
	8,078	30,599
Current loans and borrowings		
	2024 £	2023 £
Bank borrowings	10,000	10,000
Bank overdrafts	21,317	-
Hire purchase contracts	12,521	64,200
	43,838	74,200
10 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts		
Operating leases		
The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:		
	2024	2023
Not later than one year	£	£
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than five years	-	10,469 4,362
Eater than one year and not later than five years	<u> </u>	
	-	14,831