Registered number: 04509131

# RANA CONVENIENCE STORE LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Shelvoke, Pickering, Janney LLP Chartered Certified Accountants 57 - 61 Market Place Cannock Staffordshire WS11 1BP

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## Registered number: 04509131

	2022 2023		2022		21	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible Assets	5		482,009		25,342	
			402.000		25 242	
CURRENT ASSETS			482,009		25,342	
Stocks	6	68,500		59,500		
Cash at bank and in hand	Ū	72,443		167,116		
				107,110		
		140,943		226,616		
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(365,552)		(34,223)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(224,609)		192,393	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			257,400		217,735	
<b>PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES</b>						
Deferred Taxation			(4,080)		(4,815)	
NET ASSETS			253,320		212,920	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				:		
Called up share capital	8		2		2	
Profit and Loss Account			253,318		212,918	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			253,320	:	212,920	

For the year ending 31 August 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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Mr S Singh

Director

11 July 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

### 1. **General Information**

Rana Convenience Store Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04509131. The registered office is 57/61 Market Place, Cannock, Staffordshire, WS11 1BP.

#### 2. Accounting Policies

### 2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the deliver and the customer has signed for the deliver of contract of the deliver of the deliver of contract of the deliver of contract of the deliver of contract of the deliver of the d

#### **Rendering of services** Turnoverflow the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs in turned for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably. 2.4.

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	2% straight line
Plant & Machinery	25% on reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% on reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	10% on reducing balance

### 2.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

## 2.6. **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible tempor**Goodwill** differences to the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to the extent that it is no used to be recorrected to be recorrected

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within **Appresation** measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reposting period tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### Net Book Value

As at 31 August 2022

As at 1 September 2021

## 5. Tangible Assets

	Land & Buildings	Plant & Machinery etc.	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 September 2021	-	63,049	63,049
Additions	469,936	160	470,096
As at 31 August 2022	469,936	63,209	533,145
Depreciation			
As at 1 September 2021	-	37,707	37,707
Provided during the period	9,399	4,030	13,429
As at 31 August 2022	9,399	41,737	51,136
Net Book Value			
As at 31 August 2022	460,537	21,472	482,009
As at 1 September 2021	-	25,342	25,342
6. Stocks			
		2022	2021
		£	£
Stock	-	68,500	59,500
		68,500	59,500
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling	Due Within One Year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
Trade creditors		41,874	-
Bank loans and overdrafts		2,443	3,329
Other creditors		304,730	9,889
Taxation and social security	_	16,505	21,005
	_	365,552	34,223
8. Share Capital	-		
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## 9. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling parties are Mr and Mrs S Singh by virtue of their ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.