Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The Moffatts Partnership LLP Progress House 396 Wilmslow Road Withington Manchester M20 3BN

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Company Information

Director J Standring

Company secretary LK Standring

Registered officeWellington Road
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Lancashire
OL3 7AGAccountantsThe Moffatts Partnership LLP
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The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{6}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 03123327) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	27,259	30,657
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	58,204	60,959
Cash at bank and in hand		18,661	7,046
		76,865	68,005
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(98,683)	(91,540)
Net current liabilities		(21,818)	(23,535)
Total assets less current liabilities		5,441	7,122
Provisions for liabilities		(5,179)	(5,825)
Net assets		262	1,297
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		162	1,197
Shareholders' funds		262	1,297

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 11 December 2020

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J Standring Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Wellington Road Greenfield Nr Oldham Lancashire OL3 7AG

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 11 December 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The directors have considered the potential implications of the Coronavirus pandemic. Whilst the eventual financial impact of the pandemic on the company remains uncertain the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis on preparing its financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate on the date when the fair value is re-measured.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

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The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Office equipment Depreciation method and rate

15% straight line basis 15% straight line basis 25% straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 0 (2019 - 0).

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019 Additions	80,180 6,471	80,180 6,471
At 31 March 2020	86,651	86,651
Depreciation At 1 April 2019 Charge for the year	49,523 <u>9,869</u>	49,523 9,869
At 31 March 2020	59,392	59,392
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020	27,259	27,259
At 31 March 2019	30,657	30,657
5 Debtors	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	34,894	44,394
	23,310	16,565

60,959

58,204

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	90,453	74,003
Taxation and social security	7,180	16,487
Accruals and deferred income	1,050	1,050
	98,683	91,540

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

8 Non adjusting events after the financial period

The Coronavirus pandemic developed in early 2020. At the date of approval of the accounts it has not been possible to quantify or ascertain the financial impact of the pandemic on the company. No adjustments have been made to any figures in the accounts as a result of the pandemic.