Registered number: 11662013

SCOOTACAR LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 6 NOVEMBER 2018 TO 30 NOVEMBER 2019

SCOOTACAR LIMITED Unaudited Financial Statements For the Period 6 November 2018 to 30 November 2019

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SCOOTACAR LIMITED Balance Sheet As at 30 November 2019

Registered number: 11662013

		30 November 2019	
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible Assets	3		4,800
			4,800
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	4	38,078	
Debtors	5	6,125	
Cash at bank and in hand		20,012	
		64,215	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(72,570)	
NET CURRENT ACCETS (LIABILITIES)			(0 DEE)
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		_	(8,355)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(3,555)
NET LIABILITIES			(3,555)
		_	(=,555)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	_		
Called up share capital	7		15,000
Profit and Loss Account		_	(18,555)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(3,555)

SCOOTACAR LIMITED Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 November 2019

For the period ending 30 November 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

29/11/2020

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board
Mr DAMON
HORNEY
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

SCOOTACAR LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period 6 November 2018 to 30 November 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Other Intangible

Rendering of services

Turnoverhepmthyrspecks segs of services in norage is by frefarences to the artence of its explicit and the stage of experience of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract costs and attention by or expenses.

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated yeing that ere taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated yeing that ere taxable or deductible the company's liability for current tax is calculated yeing that ere taxable or deductible the company's liability for current tax is calculated yeing that ere taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated yeing that ere taxable or deductible in other year.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

SCOOTACAR LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 6 November 2018 to 30 November 2019

3. Intangible Assets	
	Other
	£
Cost	
As at 6 November 2018	-
Additions	4,800
As at 30 November 2019	4,800
Net Book Value	
As at 30 November 2019	4,800
As at 6 November 2018	-
4. Stocks	
	30 November 2019
	£
Stock - finished goods	38,078
	38,078
5. Debtors	
	30 November 2019
	£
Due within one year	
Trade debtors	4,900
Other debtors	1,225
	6,125
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	
	30
	November 2019
	£
Trade creditors	218
Other creditors	1,500
Directors' loan accounts	70,852
	72,570

SCOOTACAR LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 6 November 2018 to 30 November 2019

7. Share Capital

30 **November** 2019

Allotted, Called up and fully paid

15,000

8. General Information

SCOOTACAR LIMITED is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11662013 . The registered office is EUROPA HOUSE, 46-50 SOUTHWICK SQUARE, SOUTHWICK, BRIGHTON, BN42 4FJ.