Sir Andrew Dillon Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 May 2025

Sir Andrew Dillon Ltd

Registered number: 12634994

Balance Sheet

as at 31 May 2025

Notes		2025		2024
		£		£
3		8,310		10,461
4	-		3,900	
	106,414		75,788	
•	106,414		79,688	
5	(10,449)		(4,574)	
		95,965		75,114
		104,275	- -	85,575
		100		100
		104,175		85,475
	-	104,275	_	85,575
	3	3 4 - 106,414 106,414	\$ 8,310 4 - 106,414	\$ 8,310 4 - 3,900 106,414 75,788 106,414 79,688 5 (10,449) (4,574) 95,965 104,275 100 104,175

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

A Dillon

Director

Approved by the board on 24 June 2025

Sir Andrew Dillon Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 May 2025

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2	Employees	2025 Number	2024 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	2
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Land and buildings £
	Cost		
	At 1 June 2024		17,168
	Additions		618
	At 31 May 2025		17,786
	Depreciation		
	At 1 June 2024		6,707
	Charge for the year		2,769
	At 31 May 2025		9,476
	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2025		8,310
	At 31 May 2024		10,461
4	Debtors	2025	2024
		£	£
	Trade debtors	-	3,401
	Other debtors	-	499
			3,900
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
		£	£
	Taxation and social security costs	5,959	7
	Other creditors	4,490	4,567
		10,449	4,574

6 Other information

Sir Andrew Dillon Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

20-22 Wenlock Road, London, N1 7GU