Registered Number 04686575 SOMETHING SECURE LIMITED Abbreviated Accounts 31 March 2016

SOMETHING SECURE LIMITED Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016		Registered Number 04686575		
	Notes	2016	2015	
		£	£	
Current assets				
Stocks		25,573	36,632	
Debtors		33,040	24,054	
		58,613	60,686	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(35,226)	(26,991)	
Net current assets (liabilities)		23,387	33,695	
Total assets less current liabilities		23,387	33,695	
Total net assets (liabilities)		23,387	33,695	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	2	1,000	1,000	
Profit and loss account		22,387	32,695	
Shareholders' funds		23,387	33,695	

- For the year ending 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 20 December 2016

And signed on their behalf by: J M F BURGER, Director

SOMETHING SECURE LIMITED

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2016

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective January 2015

Turnover policy

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Valuation information and policy

Stocks Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Other accounting policies

Operating lease agreements Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease. **Financial instruments** Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each

