

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30th June 2019

for

South of Scotland Car Club Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30th June 2019

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3 to 5

South of Scotland Car Club Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 30th June 2019

DIRECTORS: R Sloan
I Crosbie
M Simpson
W Keaning
D D Carruthers
W L Gillespie
Mrs K Gillespie
D Mclean

SECRETARY: D D Carruthers

REGISTERED OFFICE: 14 Aulton Terrace
Thornhill
DUMFRIESSHIRE
DG3 5AN

REGISTERED NUMBER: SC269144 (Scotland)

ACCOUNTANTS: Farries Kirk & McVean
Dumfries Enterprise Park
Heathhall
Dumfries
DUMFRIESSHIRE
DG1 3SJ

Balance Sheet
30th June 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	3	2,114	1,955
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank		9,724	10,815
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	4	<u>(860)</u>	<u>(850)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>8,864</u>	<u>9,965</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>10,978</u>	<u>11,920</u>
RESERVES			
Retained earnings		<u>10,978</u>	<u>11,920</u>
		<u>10,978</u>	<u>11,920</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30th June 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which
- (b) otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12th November 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

D D Carruthers - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30th June 2019

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

South of Scotland Car Club Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 15% on reducing balance

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30th June 2019

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Financial instruments

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for the sale of goods and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price and represent the full value of the goods and services charged to customers, including any amounts charged on for third parties.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date they are presented as non current liabilities.

Borrowings

Interest bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transactions costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

3. **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Plant and
machinery
etc
£

COST

At 1st July 2018

6,669

Additions

1,090

Disposals

(750)

At 30th June 2019

7,009

DEPRECIATION

At 1st July 2018

4,714

Charge for year

181

At 30th June 2019

4,895

NET BOOK VALUE

At 30th June 2019

2,114

At 30th June 2018

1,955

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30th June 2019

4.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	300	300
	Other creditors	560	550
		<u>860</u>	<u>850</u>