

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

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Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Company Information

Director Mr G Stanesby

Registered office Studio 2.18
Food Exchange
New Covent Garden Market
London
SW8 5EL

Accountants Franklin, Chartered Accountants 320 Garratt Lane
London
SW18 4EJ

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

(Registration number: 10367282)

Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	1,389	5,919
Current assets			
Debtors	5	195,614	217,256
Cash at bank and in hand		256,831	229,522
		<u>452,445</u>	<u>446,778</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(80,842)</u>	<u>(85,246)</u>
Net current assets		<u>371,603</u>	<u>361,532</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		372,992	367,451
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(10,849)	(20,984)
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(264)</u>	<u>(1,125)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>361,879</u></u>	<u><u>345,342</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	1	1
Retained earnings		<u>361,878</u>	<u>345,341</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u><u>361,879</u></u>	<u><u>345,342</u></u>

For the financial year ending 30 September 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 19 June 2025

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Mr G Stanesby
Director

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

	Share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total £
At 1 October 2023	1	345,341	345,342
Profit for the year	-	71,537	71,537
Dividends	-	(55,000)	(55,000)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2024	1	361,878	361,879
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
	Share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total £
At 1 October 2022	1	333,747	333,748
Profit for the year	-	98,844	98,844
Dividends	-	(87,250)	(87,250)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2023	1	345,341	345,342
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Studio 2.18
Food Exchange
New Covent Garden Market
London
SW8 5EL

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 19 June 2025.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:
The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Office Equipment	33% Straight Line
Fixtures & Fittings	25% Straight Line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

Financial instruments

Classification

The Company has chosen to adopt sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

Recognition and measurement

Financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period, financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.

Impairment

Financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period, financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 10 (2023 - 12).

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 October 2023	43,237	43,237
Additions	1,186	1,186
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2024	44,423	44,423
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Depreciation		
At 1 October 2023	37,318	37,318
Charge for the year	5,716	5,716
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2024	43,034	43,034
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2024	1,389	1,389
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2023	5,919	5,919
	<hr/>	<hr/>

5 Debtors

	2024 £	2023 £
Current		
Trade debtors	187,608	208,489
Prepayments	679	905
Other debtors	7,327	7,862
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	195,614	217,256
	<hr/>	<hr/>

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	10,500	11,000
Taxation and social security		67,402	69,420
Other creditors		2,940	4,826
		<u>80,842</u>	<u>85,246</u>

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	<u>10,849</u>	<u>20,984</u>

7 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2024		2023	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	1	1	1	1
		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

8 Loans and borrowings

Non-current loans and borrowings

	2024 £	2023 £
Bank borrowings	<u>10,849</u>	<u>20,984</u>

Current loans and borrowings

	2024 £	2023 £
Bank borrowings	<u>10,500</u>	<u>11,000</u>

Stanesby Architecture Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2024

9 Dividends

	2024	2023
	£	£
Interim dividend of £Nil (2023 - £87,250.00) per ordinary share	55,000	87,250

10 Related party transactions

Director's remuneration

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Remuneration	12,570	11,897
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	172,000	27,000
	<u>184,570</u>	<u>38,897</u>