# COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04768454 TRU-FIT TYRE AND AUTO CENTRE LIMITED FILLETED UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 March 2020

# TRU-FIT TYRE AND AUTO CENTRE LIMITED ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### 31 March 2020

|                               |      | 2020   |       | 2019   |       |
|-------------------------------|------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
|                               | Note | £      | £     | £      | £     |
| FIXED ASSETS                  |      |        |       |        |       |
| Tangible assets               | 6    |        | 3,467 |        | 3,297 |
| CURRENT ASSETS                |      |        |       |        |       |
| Stocks                        |      | 2,300  |       | 2,300  |       |
| Cash at bank and in hand      |      | 36,995 |       | 16,919 |       |
|                               |      | 39,295 |       | 19,219 |       |
| <b>CREDITORS:</b> amounts fal | ling |        |       |        |       |
| due within one year           |      | 41,185 |       | 19,897 |       |
| NET CURRENT LIABILIT          | IES  |        | 1,890 |        | 678   |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS             |      |        |       |        |       |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES           |      |        | 1,577 |        | 2,619 |
| NET ASSETS                    |      |        | 1,577 |        | 2,619 |
|                               |      |        |       |        |       |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES          |      |        |       |        |       |
| Called up share capital       |      |        | 100   |        | 100   |
| Profit and loss account       |      |        | 1,477 |        | 2,519 |
| SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS            |      |        | 1,577 |        | 2,619 |
|                               |      |        |       |        |       |

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged income statement has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies. Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;

- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

# **TRU-FIT TYRE AND AUTO CENTRE LIMITED ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** (continued)

# 31 March 2020

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged income statement and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2020 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 June 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by: Mr M Manners

Director

Company registration number: 04768454

# TRU-FIT TYRE AND AUTO CENTRE LIMITED NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

### **1.** General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 1 Derby Road, Eastwood, Nottingham, NG16 3PA.

#### **2.** Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3.** Accounting policies

### **Basis of preparation**

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Income tax**

No provision is made for deferred tax since the directors are of the opinion that no liability will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

# Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

# Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 25% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and Machinery-15% reducing balanceMotor Vehicles-25% reducing balance

#### **Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2019: 2 ).

# **5.** Intangible assets

|   | £        |
|---|----------|
| Cost<br>At 1 April 2010 and 21 March 2020 |          |
| At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020         | 28,000   |
| Amortisation                              |          |
| At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020         | 28,000   |
| Carrying amount                           |          |
| At 31 March 2020                          | -        |
| At 31 March 2019                          | -        |
| 6. Tangible assets                        |          |
|   | £        |
| Cost                                      | 15,192   |
| At 1 April 2019<br>Additions              | 874      |
| Disposals                                 | (3,000)  |
| At 31 March 2020                          | 13,066   |
| Depreciation                              |          |
| At 1 April 2019                           | 11,895   |
| Charge for the year                       | 560      |
| Disposals                                 | ( 2,856) |
| At 31 March 2020                          | 9,599    |
| Carrying amount                           |          |
| At 31 March 2020                          | 3,467    |
| At 31 March 2019                          | 3,297    |
|   |          |

**7. Director's advances, credits and guarantees** Included within creditors is an amount owing to the director of £13,402 (2019: £3,867). This amount is interest free, unsecured and repayable upon demand.