COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10385812

TT CSL Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 September 2019

TT CSL Limited Statement of Financial Position

30 September 2019

		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Current assets			
Debtors	5	10,455	1,080
Cash at bank and in hand		7,106	10,107
		17,561	11,187
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	17,322	10,629
Net current assets		239	558
Total assets less current liabilities		239	558
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one			
year	7	44	-
Net assets		195	558
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		95	458
Shareholders funds		195	558

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

TT CSL Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 September 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 June 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A Turner

Director

Company registration number: 10385812

TT CSL Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 14 Patterdale Close, Stalybridge, Cheshire, SK15 1EQ, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Financial instruments

In accordance with FRS 102.22, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions: (a) They include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and (b) Where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments. To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2018: 1).

5. Debtors

	2019	2018			
	£	£			
Trade debtors	10,455	_			
Other debtors	_	1,080			
		1 000			
	10,455	1,080			
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
3 3	2019	2018			
	£	£			
Trade creditors	60	_			
Corporation tax	11,151	9,444			
Social security and other taxes	5,161	_			
Other creditors	950	1,185			
	 17,322	10,629			
7. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year					
	2019	2018			
	£	£			
Other creditors	44	-			

8. Financial instruments at fair value

In accordance with FRS 102.22, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions: (a) They include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and (b) Where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments. To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

forward and outstanding 2019 2018 £

1,080

(44)

Balance brought

Mr A Turner