Tucker Accountancy & Book-Keeping Services Limited ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS COVER

# Tucker Accountancy & Book-Keeping Services Limited

**Company No. 04517206** 

Abbreviated Accounts

**30 September 2016** 

Tucker Accountancy & Book-Keeping Services Limited AUDIT REPORT UNQUALIFIED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

Independent Auditor's Report to the member of Tucker Accountancy & Book-Keeping Services Limited under section 449 of the Companies Act

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, which comprise the abbreviated balance sheet and the related notes, together with the accounts of Tucker Accountancy & Book-Keeping Services Limited for the year ended 30 September 2016 and the contract of the Contract of the 2006.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our work, for this report or for the oninions we have formed

# Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the full accounts, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are prepared.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 444 (3) of the Companies Act 2006 and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made

Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of TABS Limited
Statutory Auditor, Accountants
Station Avenue
Tile Hill Village
Coventry
CV4 9HR
19 October 2016

Tucker Accountancy & Book-Keeping Services Limited ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET at 30 September 2016

Company 04517206	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	2	60,000	60,000
Tangible assets	2	701	695
	_	60,701	60,695
Current assets			
Debtors		4,608	9,019
Cash at bank and in hand	_	8,444	15,309
		13,052	24,328
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	_	(29,217)	(46,354)
Net current liabilities		(16,165)	(22,026)
Total assets less current liabilities		44,536	38,669
Net assets	-	44,536	38,669
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	1,100	1,100
Profit and loss account		43,436	37,569
Shareholder's funds	_	44,536	38,669

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

For the year ended 30 September 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

Approved by the board on 19 October 2016

And signed on its behalf by:

C. Tucker
Director
19 October 2016

Tucker Accountancy &
Book-Keeping Services
Limited NOTES TO THE
ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
for the year ended 30 September

# 1 Accounting policies

# **Basis of preparation**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015) ["the FRSSE"].

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers.

# Tangible fixed assets and

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life:

Furniture, fittings and 25%% Reducing equipment Balance Method

# Freehold investment property

In accordance with the FRSSE, investment properties are revalued annually and any surplus or deficit is transferred to revaluation reserve. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

This treatment conflicts with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 that all properties should be depreciated. The directors consider that, because these properties are not held for consumption, but for their investment potential it is necessary to adopt the requirements of the FRSSE in order to give a true and fair view.

# Intangible fixed assets and

Intangible fixed assets (including purchased goodwill, patents and trademarks and research and development costs) are amortised at rates calculated to write off the assets on a straight line basis over their estimated useful economic lives. Impairment of intangible assets is reviewed where circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an assets may not be fully recoverable.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks and work-in-progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items. Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's accounts.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or a right to pay less) tax at a future date, at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based upon current tax rates and laws.

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# **Research and development**

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

# **Foreign currencies**

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in sterling using the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

### **Leased assets**

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a 'finance lease'. Assets held under finance leases, or hire purchase contracts, are recorded in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the term of the finance lease or hire purchase contract, whichever is shorter. Future instalments under such finance leases or hire purchase contracts, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

All other leases are accounted for as 'operating leases' and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

### **Pension costs**

Contributions in respect of the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account for the year in which they are payable to the scheme. Differences between contributions payable and contributions actually paid in the year are shown as either accruals or prepayments at the year end.

### 2 Fixed assets

	Intangibl e fixed	Tangible fixed	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or revaluation			
At 1 October 2015 Additions	60,000 -	9,145 240	69,145 240
At 30 September 2016	60,000	9,385	69,385
Amortisation At 1 October 2015	-	8,450	8,450

Charge for the year	-	234	234
At 30 September 2016  Net book values		8,684	8,684
At 30 September 2016	60,000	701	60,701
At 30 September 2015	60,000	695	60,695

# **Share Capital**

	Nominal	2016	2016	2015
	£	Number	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
A Shares	1.00	1,000	1,000	1,000
B Shares	1.00	100	100	100
		- -	1,100	1,100