# Ultimate Building Services Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2018

**Ultimate Building Services Ltd** 

**Registered number:** 06468823

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 March 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		3,121		4,162
Current assets					
Stocks		8,000		15,000	
Debtors	7	16,577		28,194	
Cash at bank and in hand		55,446		-	
		80,023		43,194	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(62,369)		(63,104)	
<b>,</b> c		(0=,000)		(00,101)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			17,654		(19,910)
Net assets/(liabilities)		-	20,775	- -	(15,748)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			20,675		(15,848)
Shareholders' funds		-	20,775	_ _	(15,748)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr B Moore

Director

Approved by the board on 11 December 2018

# Ultimate Building Services Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 4 Accounting policies

### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

5	Employees		2018 Number	2017 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company		2	2
6	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles	Total
	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1 April 2017	14,116	10,600	24,716
	At 31 March 2018	14,116	10,600	24,716
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2017	11,309	9,245	20,554
	Charge for the year	702	339	1,041
	At 31 March 2018	12,011	9,584	21,595
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2018	2,105	1,016	3,121
	At 31 March 2017	2,807	1,355	4,162
7	Debtors		2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade debtors		-	27,733
	Other debtors		16,577	461
			16,577	28,194

8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018 £	2017 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	17,217
	Trade creditors	33,660	8,798
	Taxation and social security costs	14,580	27,725
	Other creditors	14,129	9,364
		62,369	63,104

# 9 Related party transactions

Other than reimbursement of expenses, there were none.

## 10 Ultimate controlling party

The related parties are Mr B Moore and Mrs S Moore, who have beneficial ownership of 100% of the issued share capital. The controlling party is Mr B Moore, and Mrs S Moore, the directors and 100% shareholders.

#### 11 Other information

Ultimate Building Services Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 15

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Winchester

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