

W J Stewart Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

W J Stewart Ltd

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W J Stewart Ltd

Company Information

Directors Mr William James Stewart
Mrs Katherine Louise Stewart
Mr Adam Christopher Stewart

Company secretary Mrs Katherine Louise Stewart

Registered office Mey House
Bridport Road
Poundbury
Dorset
DT1 3QY

Accountants Spirare Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
Mey House
Bridport Road
Poundbury
Dorset
DT1 3QY

W J Stewart Ltd

(Registration number: 04484022) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	9,862	12,872
Current assets			
Stocks	5	929	902
Debtors		59,023	41,804
Cash at bank and in hand		45,484	40,925
		<hr/> 105,436	<hr/> 83,631
Prepayments and accrued income		3,060	3,091
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<hr/> (48,870)	<hr/> (38,139)
Net current assets		<hr/> 59,626	<hr/> 48,583
Total assets less current liabilities		69,488	61,455
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		-	(21,379)
Provisions for liabilities		(1,873)	(2,445)
Accruals and deferred income		<hr/> (1,175)	<hr/> (1,175)
Net assets		<hr/> <hr/> 66,440	<hr/> <hr/> 36,456
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	6	102	100
Profit and loss account		<hr/> 66,338	<hr/> 36,356
Total equity		<hr/> <hr/> 66,440	<hr/> <hr/> 36,456

For the financial year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

W J Stewart Ltd

(Registration number: 04484022)

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

Approved and authorised by the Board on 20 September 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

.....

Mr William James Stewart
Director

**Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended
31 December 2020**

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

Mey House
Bridport Road
Poundbury
Dorset
DT1 3QY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 20 September 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

W J Stewart Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	25% straight line
Motor vehicles	25% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended
31 December 2020**

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

W J Stewart Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 8 (2019 - 8).

4 Tangible assets

	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2020	49,405	8,912	58,317
Additions	-	3,833	3,833
At 31 December 2020	49,405	12,745	62,150
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2020	37,098	8,347	45,445
Charge for the year	6,154	689	6,843
At 31 December 2020	43,252	9,036	52,288
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2020	6,153	3,709	9,862
At 31 December 2019	12,307	565	12,872

5 Stocks

	2020 £	2019 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	929	902

6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

W J Stewart Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
Ordinary A of £1 (2019 - £0) each	1	1	-	-
Ordinary B of £1 (2019 - £0) each	1	1	-	-
	<u>102</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

7 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

	At 1 January 2020 £	Advances to directors £	Repayments by director £	At 31 December 2020 £
2020				
Mr William James Stewart				
The director maintains an interest free loan account which is repayable on demand	38,588	(77,000)	53,653	15,241

Mrs Katherine Louise Stewart

The director maintains an interest free loan account which is repayable on demand

-	(1)	2,000	1,999
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Mr Adam Christopher Stewart

The director maintains an interest free loan account which is repayable on demand

-	(1)	2,300	2,299
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	At 1 January 2019 £	Advances to directors £	Repayments by director £	At 31 December 2019 £
2019				
Mr William James Stewart				
The director maintains an interest free loan account which is repayable on demand	35,860	(40,000)	42,728	38,588

Directors' remuneration

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Remuneration	9,259	8,154

Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	5,984	5,452
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	15,243	13,606
	<hr/>	<hr/>