Zeus Associates Limited Registered number: 3135593

Unaudited financial statements

For the year ended 31 January 2018



Registered number: 3135593

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JANUARY 2018

	Note		2018 £		2017 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		495		743
			495	-	743
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand	6	30,314		29,514	
		30,314		29,514	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(19,614)		(21,714)	
Net current assets			10,700		7,800
Total assets less current liabilities			11,195	-	8,543
Net assets			11,195	-	8,543
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			11,095		8,443
			11,195	-	8,543

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 21 October 2018.

D Meredith Director

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form part of these financial statements.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

1. General information

Zeus Associates Limited is a Private Limited Company in United Kingdom, registered in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Brockhurst Lane, Solihull, B90 1RG. The principle activity is computer consultancy activities.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;

- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straightline method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures & fittings - 25%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.





ZEUS ASSOCIATES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2017 - 1).

	Ordinary Dividends	60,000	60,000
		60,000	60,000
5.	Tangible fixed assets		
			Fixtures &
			fittings
			£
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 February 2017		11,145
	At 31 January 2018		11,145
	Depreciation		
	At 1 February 2017		10,402
	Charge for the year on owned assets		248
	At 31 January 2018		10,650
	Net book value		
	At 31 January 2018		495
	At 31 January 2017		743

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2018

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2018 £	2017 £
Cash at bank and in hand	30,314	29,514
	30,314	29,514
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2018 £	2017 £
Corporation tax	14,910	15,799
Other taxation and social security	3,251	4,201
Other creditors	363	663
Accruals and deferred income	1,090	1,051
	19,614	21,714

8. Pension commitments

7.

"The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to \pm 1,200 (2016 - \pm 1,200). Contributions totalling \pm 0 (2016 - \pm 0) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date